

An Internship Report on

RITHU BHAROSA KENDRAM (Peddha Ganagalla Petta)

(Title of the Semester Internship Program)

Submitted in accordance with the requirement for the degree of

B.Sc. CBMR

Under the Faculty Guideship of

D. Ravindra

(Name of the Faculty Guide)

Department of

BOTANY (Government Degree College (M.F.N.)

Srikakulam

(Name of the College)

Submitted by:

KUNCHALA. LOKESWARARAO

(Name of the Student)

Reg.No: 2022001056018

Department of Microbiology

Government Degree College (M.F.N.) Srikakulam

(Name of the College)

Student's Declaration

I, KUNCHALA LOKESWARARAO a student of _____
Program, Reg. No. 202200105604 of the Department of Agriculture
College do hereby declare that I have completed the mandatory internship
from 07/12/2022 to 12/03/2023 in Raithu Bhavan Konduru (Name of
the intern organization) under the Faculty Guideship of
D. Ravindra (Name of the Faculty Guide), Department of
BOTANY, Goverment Degree College MEN CSENI
(Name of the College)

K. Lokeswararao

(Signature and Date)

Official Certification

This is to certify that KUNCHALA LOKESWARARAO (Name of the student) Reg. No. 2022001056018 has completed his/her Internship in RBI (Agriculture) (Name of the Intern Organization) on Vaithi Bhansa Kendram (Title of the Internship) under my supervision as a part of partial fulfillment of the requirement for the Degree of B.Sc CCBMB in the Department of Govt. Degree College (Men) (Name of the College).
SRIKAKULAM

This is accepted for evaluation.

Mandal Agriculture Officer
SRIKAKULAM

D. Ravi

17/07/2022
(Signatory with Date and Seal)

Lecturer in Botany
Govt. Degree College
SRIKAKULAM

Endorsements

Faculty Guide

D. Ravi

Head of the Department

Principal
Principal
Government Degree College (Men)
SRIKAKULAM

17/07/2022
17/07/2022

Certificate from Intern Organization

This is to certify that KUNCHALA. Lokeswararao (Name of the intern)
Reg. No 2022001056018 of Govt Degree College (MEN) (Name of the
College) underwent internship in Agriculture (RKE) (Name of the
Intern Organization) from 07/12/2022 to 18/03/2023.

The overall performance of the intern during his/her internship is found to be
_____ (Satisfactory/Not Satisfactory).

Mandal Agriculture Officer
SRIKAKULAM


17/01/2023
Authorized Signatory with Date and Seal

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CHAPTER 1: EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The internship report shall have a brief executive summary. It shall include five or more Learning Objectives and Outcomes achieved, a brief description of the sector of business and intern organization and summary of all the activities done by the intern during the period.

- * 1st week :- Peddagamagalla peta RBL villages - Mopasu bandaru - 128
Peddagamagalla peta - 182, Sadu peta - 85,,
Total - 600 acres - Total farmers - 600, undergoe
e-kye - 540

Purchase of grain through pvt's → minimum supporting
price for general ty per 100kg - 2040/- per
- 50kg - 1652/- quality parameter to get MSP are are
followed by central government

- * 2nd week :- current scenario of RBL - Rabi season 22-27 is
355 acres of Maize, ground nut - 75 acres
Dr. Y.S.R. Padam Badi → 30 farmers, 25 acres field
is needed ; ICM = INM + IPM + Wm + ICM + FM

- * 3rd week :- The process of seeds developing into new plants
Seed dormancy :- Having all favourable condition to
germinate but unable to germinate
Treat → scarification stratification, chemical method.
+ treatment

4th week :- Ground crop - *Arachis hypogaea* oil seed crop, a P ranky hind in production constraints in cultivation & production - lack of agriculture mechanism, lack of micronutrient management at sugar time climate - low humidity 100 - 1200 mm rainfall

* 5th week :- preparation of soil; Deepweeding in summer can the crop damaging in insects & pests. Before sowing, soil should be levelled. Time of sowing;

* 6th week :- plant spacing & sowing seeds fertilizer; 30x10m plant spacing, seed should be sown either with a harrow (or) tractor driven seed drill - Nitrogen (in the form of urea)

* 7th week :- Deficiency symptoms; N (yellowing of leaf), P (purple colour) K (discolouration of).

* 8th week :- pests & disease in groundnut; *Curculionites*, Aphids, Black fly, leaf hopper, leaf curl, Red caterpillar, Tobacco caterpillar, Rust / scab, Tikka leaf spot stem rot virus

* 9th week :- Digital Kiosk :- provide weather information, market - pay for seed fertilizer, facility of online purchase & door delivery. Dr. Y.S.R. Ratha - Bhavasa - ₹13500 - 3 installments. Kharul - ₹71500, 2 - 4000 - October, ₹2500 - harvesting time

* 10th week :- Dr. Y.S.R. Zero interest crop loan: farmer loan - 7% Scheme
41. State Government Gov pays loans of farmers, loans provided

* 11th week :- Soil conservation scheme
Soil Health card scheme } analysis of soil sample
soil analysis } laboratory & provide

(4) 12th week :- CMC (Custom Hiring centre) - sanctioned by Govt to increase agriculture machinery depth of soil sample
Agriculture crops - 3 inches, fruit orchards - 5-6 feet

CHAPTER 2: OVERVIEW OF THE ORGANIZATION

Suggestive contents

- A. Introduction of the Organization
- B. Vision, Mission, and Values of the Organization
- C. Policy of the Organization, in relation to the intern role
- D. Organizational Structure
- E. Roles and responsibilities of the employees in which the intern is placed.
- F. Performance of the Organization in terms of turnover, profits, market reach and market value.
- G. Future Plans of the Organization.

(A) Introduction of the Organization:- Government of Andhra Pradesh Raithu Bharosa Kendram (former Assurance Centre) Launched on may 30th of 2020 year. The government has started 10,641 RBK's across the state with an out lay of 200 crores.

(B) Vision, Mission, and value of Organization:- A.P in predominantly an agrarian state launched this scheme to bring more transparency quality of services to the farming community. The centres will offers services like delivery of inputs to the farmers with 24-28 hours of ordering through kiosk's or of machinery technical advisories and is an attempt to bring the agriculture extension system more closely to the farmers.

(C) Policy of the Organization, in relation to the intern role:- Earlier, this year the government has recruited assistant Horticulture assistant, veterinary, fisheries Assistant having qualification in their respective fields to work at RBK's the

The following services are offered at RBK's (a) agri input shop (b) farmer knowledge centre (c) custom hiring centre (d) other important aspects - 1) Input delivery ⑤ soil testing (3) Training farmer (4) crop insurance (5) e-crop booking ⑥ treatment after consulting veterinary doctor (7) identifying beneficiaries (8) providing market intelligence

(D) Organization structure:-

SPL. chief secretary (Agriculture & allied) → Commissioner (Agriculture) → District collector → Joint collector → Joint Director of Agriculture

→ Ag officer (SKM) → ADA (Assistant Director of Agriculture) → MAO (Mandal agriculture officer) → VAA (Village agriculture Assistant)

(E) Roles & responsibilities of employee in intern is placed:-
Routine records, prepares graph & charts, visit fielding.

(F) Performance in terms of profits & market value:-

Many crops are grown all over region & demand; many crops give incremental profit at a minimum investment 30% at production, 15% wholesale, 25% at retail level.

(G) Future plans of the Organization:-

RBK system is a giant step in bringing the system closer to the farmer & making it more transparent.

CHAPTER 3: INTERNSHIP PART

Description of the Activities/Responsibilities in the Intern Organization during Internship, which shall include - details of working conditions, weekly work schedule, equipment used, and tasks performed. This part could end by reflecting on what kind of skills the intern acquired.

Activities which are occurred in RBK important for our future skills with acquiring the knowledge

Mainly we have learnt about paddy procurement process, moisture meter - working conditions soil testing, palambadi & E-crop

* Moisture meter :- This is machine which calculates the moisture contents of food grains. This is universal type. This is a part of procurement of food grains. Nearly types of sample moisture can be calculated by this electronic machine. Volume A, B, C, D cups are present by applying different pressures. for different samples of grains of using the above different pressures. 4 different volume cups. for Example :- for Paddy shoot. volume B cup is used & applied with the pressure of 525 & there also having code 008. These pressures can be adjusted with vertical scale & circular scale, volume D cup is used for measuring the moisture in ground nuts with a pressure of 450.

* Collection of soil sample for soil test :- The soil test is taken from the fields having surf particles. etc. and levelled field soil is taken. soil test should be conducted for every 3 to 4 years. for 1 acre of field

of field 10 to 15 soil sample are taken in a polythene cover & divide the soil into 4 parts & then 1st & 3rd part is removed and spread the remaining as usually one now divide into 4 parts, now remove the 2nd & 4th part of soil up to the soil is condensed into 1/2 kg of soil for paddy fields 15cm depth is digged

(*) Then collecting 1/2 kg soil packet in well send it to the soil testing laboratory

(*) e-crop provisor for booking of all crop like Agriculture, horticulture, & fodder crops, capturing the following information of actual cultivation whether land owner or tenant & acquired the knowledge about moisture meter working collection of soil samples & crop.

ACTIVITY LOG FOR THE FIRST WEEK

Day & Date	Brief description of the daily activity	Learning Outcome	Person In-Charge Signature
Day -1	khairif - Basic data Ganagallapeta - Revenue village (1) sodupeta (2) NOPASA bomdewu chinna ganagallapeta (4) pukkallapeta	Total no. of farmers - 600 Total land is	N. Tanya
Day -2	Pedda ganagallapeta NOPASA bomdewu Sodupeta - pukkallapeta -	crop details :- paddy - 600 Sugarcane - 3 acres Garden - 8 acres	N. Tanya
Day -3	Purchase of grain through Rythu Bazar Kondrag	Minimum support price type :- Per quintal - 8000 for 80kg = 1600	N. Tanya
Day -4	Quality parameters to be followed to get support price	The maximum % allowed by central government is 10% i.e. wastelands, saline soil, strong, immature	N. Tanya
Day -5	Support prices for other agriculture products done in RBK	Crop available purchase periods	N. Tanya
Day -6	for purchase of grain by registering in e-crop who have complete KYC	Total farmers - 600 farmers who have under one a/c are 560	N. Tanya

WEEKLY REPORT

WEEK - 1 (From Dt..... to Dt.....)

Objective of the Activity Done:

Detailed Report: Peddaganagalla peta - revenue village

(1) Chinnaganallapeta (2) Morasubandaru,

(3) Pukkallapeta (4)

Total no. of farmers - 606 farmers under govt ekg
560 -

purchasing of grain through Rythu Bharosa
(Kendras)

The grains conforming the quality standards prescribed by the Government of India is procured from farmers. If not, then farmers have to prepare their grains in such a way that it meets the quality standards. Grains will be purchased only from farmers who have registered & completed e-kgc are ready to sell their grain if sacks are arrangement for transportation. According to Government calculation, the amount is paid directly into the farmers account along with grain money within 2 days. MSP for general type is per 100kg 2040, for 50kg - 1632.

ACTIVITY LOG FOR THE SECOND WEEK

Day & Date	Brief description of the daily activity	Learning Outcome	Person In-Charge Signature
Day - 1	Method of procurement of grains	The amount of bags sent by the farmer within 21 days will be deposited in direct-Period through DBT Method	N. Jaya
Day - 2	current scenario of Peddagangalla peta RBK	Rabi season is 859 acres (22-23)	N. Jaya
Day - 3	DR. Y.S.R POLAM BADI 4 themes of polam badi 30 farmers, 25 acres field	① Healthy crop cultivation ② protecting friendly insects ③ weekly crop monitoring ④ making farming proficient in crop cultivation	N. Jaya
Day - 4	ICM = INM + IPM + WM + IWH + FM	Integrated crop management = Integrated pest management nutrient + water + weed + farm management	N. Jaya
Day - 5	POLAM BADI - field study How it is conducted (teaching method)	Participatory Learning experimental sharing of experience farmers facilitators Group Dynamics	N. Jaya
Day - 6	14 weeks of polam badi study	Introduction Team building Agro ecosystem analysis field visit	N. Jaya

WEEKLY REPORT

WEEK - 2 (From Dt..... to Dt.....)

Objective of the Activity Done:

Detailed Report: Method of procurement of grain

The quality standard of grain should be checked at the Rythee Bhavasa Kondram & the available vehicle should be scheduled by VAA. At given scheduling time. Technical assistant with help of VAA should collect the grain from farmers (Hiresling floor catg) & bring it to RBK. The farmers should take the available vehicle & loads. The sacks of grain, sacks should be weighed & send the copy to data entry. According to grain weight, the truck sheet will be generated & the print is given to the farmers. The tractor driver should see the name of the mill, the truck sheet & send the grain to the respective mill with 24 hours. After reaching mill detect & generate FTO, In 21 days the amount of farmers Bags will be deposited in direct period of through DBT Method.

Day 4: SR Polam badi:- How it is conducted:- (1) Participatory (2) Experimental learning (3) Sharing of experience (4) Group Dynamics (5) farmers facilities

ACTIVITY LOG FOR THE THIRD WEEK

Day & Date	Brief description of the daily activity	Learning Outcome	Person In-Charge Signature
Day -1	crop classification	1) Annuals 2) Biennials 3) perennials.	N. Tanya
Day -2	criteria for essentiality essential nutrients	Macro nutrients C, H, O, N, P, K, S, Ca, Mg Micro nutrients B, Zn, Mn, Fe, Cu, Ni, Mo	N. Tanya
Day -3	fertilizers application	1) Time of application	N. Tanya
Day -4	Seed germination seed dormancy treatment Methods Seed types	Scarification stratification chemical method treatment	N. Tanya
Day -5	deficiencies of Macro- primary elements N, P, K	Nitrogen - yellowing (N) of leaves phosphorus (P) - purple color Potassium (K) - Discoloration	N. Tanya
Day -6	Inter cropping - To get trap cropping - more yield Mono cropping - multi cropping	- Cereals - Pulses - To escape from pests & diseases	N. Tanya

WEEKLY REPORT

WEEK - 3 (From Dt..... to Dt.....)

Objective of the Activity Done:

Detailed Report:

crop classification :- 3 Types

(1) Annual (2) Biennials (3) Perennials

(1) Annual :- the crop which complete its life cycle in a year Eg:- Tomato, Maize

(2) Biennial :- The crop which complete its life cycle complete its life in two-year Eg:- Carrot, Beet.

(3) perennials :- The crop which completes its life cycle in two (or) More than 2 - Year Eg:- Mango, coconut.

criteria for essentiality :-

(1) In absence of one element plants do not complete the life cycle

(2) one element can't be replaced by another element (deficiency metabolism of plants).

(3) The element must be directly involved into new plants

Seed germination :- The process of seed developing into new plants

dormancy :- Have all favorable condition to germinate but unable, treatment is of 3 types.

(1) Scarification

(2) stratification

(3) chemical method treatment

Seed types - 1) Monocotyledonae 2) dicotyledonae.

ACTIVITY LOG FOR THE FORTH WEEK

Day & Date	Brief description of the daily activity	Learning Outcome	Person In-Charge Signature
Day -1	<u>Groundnut</u> :- soil preparation, season / condition, varieties ; duration (Period)	Deep Weeding in summer can reduce the incidence of crop damaging insects & Pests Before sowing the soil should be leveled	N. Jeyaraj
Day -2	Ground sowing time & seed dose	North coast, Early - kharif / summer. March - April Kharif - June-July Rabi :- Nov-Dec 15	N. Jeyaraj
Day -3	Ground nut :- Seed dose and sowing time	Rayalaseema (Southern & lower rain fall zone) Kharif - first week of July - Aug Rabi - Nov - Dec 15	N. Jeyaraj
Day -4	Seed dose of groundnut	Seed rate is determined by seed size, sowing time & variety. The seed rate required is 52-56 kg in kharif & 70-76 kg in Rabi	N. Jeyaraj
Day -5	Seed treatment of ground nut	Seed should be first treated with insecticide After drying in shade Seed should be treated with fungicide	N. Jeyaraj
Day -6	seed treatment before sowing the seed of ground nut	Per kg seed one gram of carbendazim or 3 gram of mancozeb tri chodermic powder should be given	N. Jeyaraj

WEEKLY REPORT

WEEK - 4 (From Dt..... to Dt.....)

Objective of the Activity Done:

Detailed Report: Groundnut - *Arachis hypogaea*

Groundnut is the major oilseed crop grown in our state. Among the groundnut growing state in India, Andhrapradesh Rank third in production and eighth in productivity after Gujarat & Rajasthan. It is grown on 7.35 lakh hectares in the state & produce 10.48 lakhs tonnes. This crop is mainly grown in Anantapur, Chittoor, Kurnool and Y.S.R. Kadapa.

constraints in groundnut cultivation and productivity:

- (1) Non-cultivation of water stress resistant varieties in groundnut.
- (2) Lack of agricultural mechanization
- (3) Lack of proper water & micronutrient & Macro management at right time

climate and soil:-

- (1) Area with low humidity are most suitable for groundnut
- (2) Average temperature of 25-28°C are suitable
- (3) It requires 500-1200 mm of rainfall
- (4) Light soil & with calcium & sulfur are ideal
- (5) High organic matter containing soil are best suitable to grow groundnut
- (6) Sandy loam soils, red loamy soils are best
- (7) Soil with high organic matter & pH between 6.0-7.5 are best

ACTIVITY LOG FOR THE FIFTH WEEK

Day & Date	Brief description of the daily activity	Learning Outcome	Person In-Charge Signature
Day - 1	Groundnut Scientific name:- Arachis, hypogaea	- Major oilseed crop - AP rank third in production - Mainly grown in Ananthapur, Chittoor, Kurnool, Y.S.R Kadapa	N. Jaya
Day - 2	constraints in groundnut cultivation and productivity	- Lack of agriculture mechanization - Lack of micronutrients management at right	N. Jaya
Day - 3	suitable climate for ground nut (peanut)	- Area with low humidity are most suitable for ground	N. Jaya
Day - 4	climate	- It requires 500-2000 mm of rain per year - Average temperature of 25-28°C are suitable	N. Jaya
Day - 5	Soil suitable for ground crop	- Light soils - soils with Calcium & sulphur are ideal	N. Jaya
Day - 6	soils which suit + best to grow groundnut - High organic matter	- Sandy loamy soils are best & red loamy soils - pH - 6.6-7.5 are best	N. Jaya

WEEKLY REPORT

WEEK - 5 (From Dt..... to Dt.....)

Objective of the Activity Done:

Detailed Report:

Groundnut ^{Soil} Preparation :-

(1) Deep weeding in summer can reduce the incidence of crop damaging insects and pests

(2) Before sowing the soil should be levelled

Time of sowing :- North coast: Early Kharif / summer - march to April

Kharif: June-July, Rabi: November to December 15 (upto)

Rayala seenu (South & low rainfall zones)

Kharif :- first week of July - August; Rabi: upto Nov-Dec 15

Seed Dose :- Seed rate is determined by seed size, sowing time & variety, Narayani, Kadisi, T.C.G.V. 911M, dheeran, greesma,

Rohini, Abba, prasanna, Kadiri-9, T.A.G. -24, Kadiri Amaraathi,

Haritandra, dheeraj, Bheema, Kadiri 7, e, Baidal, The seed rate

required is 52-56 kg in Kharif & 70-76 kg in Rabi, Nitte

haritha - seed rate in Kharif - 60-64 kg Kadiri Amaraathi, Haritandra, dheeraj,

In Rabi 80-84 kg, Kadiri - Bheema variety

seed dose in Kharif 64-68 kg Rabi 80-84 kg Kadiri 7, e Baidal

varieties seed dose in Kharif 44-52 kg In Rabi - 70 kg is

required

Seed treatment :- per kg seed 3 Grams of mancozeb

fungicide should be required to treat

a seed, when planting new variety of groundnut

they should be seeds, treated with Rhizobium Bacteria

seed should be first Page No treated insecticides, after drying

in a shade the seed should be treated with fungicide

ACTIVITY LOG FOR THE SIXTH WEEK

Day & Date	Brief description of the daily activity	Learning Outcome	Person In-Charge Signature
Day - 1	seed dormancy in groundnuts Removal of seed dormancy in seeds of groundnut	Dormant varieties (kadir - 7, 8, 9) Seed 5ml etherol (100%) mixed in 10 litres of water & soaked in sol. for 12 hrs & dried in shade	N. Tanya
Day - 2	seed dormancy removal in groundnut seeds.	(09) (39%) Etherol, 12.5 mL mixed in 3 lit of water & spray on 100 kg of seed in a bag overnight (12hrs) & next day dry & sown	N. Tanya
Day - 3	plant spacing and sowing method in groundnut	Even in early khari Bheema, deera, Nitga harita varieties should follow 30x10cm plant spacing (sown)	N. Tanya
Day - 4	sowing seed of groundnuts.	The seed should be sown either with a narrow or factor driven seed drill not only more seeds can be sown in less time cost reduce	N. Tanya
Day - 5	fertilizers (useful) for groundnut crop	fertilizer doses should be decided on soil test. Peanuts require the following dose. Following	N. Tanya
Day - 6	Fertilizers useful for groundnut crop	soil test report → imghar Nitrogen - 8(8) (urea) 12(27) phosphorus 16(100) 16(100) (SSP)	N. Tanya
		Potash - 20(33) 20(33) Gypsum - 200 - 200 Zinc sulphate 20 - 200	N. Tanya

WEEKLY REPORT

WEEK - 6 (From Dt..... to Dt.....)

Objective of the Activity Done:

Detailed Report: Removal of seed dormancy in ground nut seeds:-
Dormant varieties (Kadiri-7, 8-9) Seed 5ml ethereal (100%)
in litre of water & soaked in solution for 12 hrs & dried
in shades & then seeds are sown (or) (39%) Ethephon, 105ml
mixed in 3lit of water & spray on 100kg of seed in
airtight bags overnight (12hrs) & next day in shade & they are
sown.

Sowing seeds of groundnut:- The seed should be sown either
with a harrow (or) tractor driven seed drill. At the time
of sowing, the soil require enough moisture & the seed
should not be sown more can be sown in a short time
but also the cost can be reduced significantly.

Fertilizers:- Nitrogen (in form of urea) - 8 (18)
rainfed crops. 12 (27) Irrigation crops $\rightarrow$ N-8 (18)-U
fertilizers are used, doses should be decided on soil tests.

The following fertilizers are used- Nitrogen (in form of
urea) Phosphorous (in the form of single super phosphate)
Potash, gypsum, Zinc sulphate - Once in every three
crops for deficient soils. urea - 46%, Nitrogen,
100kg, U. 46 kg N 12 kg N $\therefore$ 27kg urea.

ACTIVITY LOG FOR THE SEVEN WEEK

Day & Date	Brief description of the daily activity	Learning Outcome	Person In-Charge Signature
Day -1	Plant population - Based on plant spacing of groundnut	No. of plants per unit of land $P.P = \frac{10,000}{81w \text{ plant spacing}} \times 81w \text{ row spacing}$	N. Tanya
Day -2	Deficiency symptoms of Nitrogen, phosphorous Potassium.	(N) - yellowing of leaves (P) - purple colour (K) - Discolouration of leaves.	N. Tanya
Day -3	Water management of peanuts, (COP).	Groundnut required 400-450mm of water 8-9 taps are sufficient for light soils-sprinkler irrigation-(60-70%) Drip-90%.	N. Tanya
Day -4	Water management in groundnut crop	if water is given through sprinklers 25% of crop will increase in yield along with saving water	N. Tanya
Day -5	Inter cropping trap cropping Mono cropping Multi cropping	- More yield - 70 escaped from pests & diseases. - crop is grown in field per year 2 (or) more crop grown in field for year	N. Tanya
Day -6	Intercropping Pattern of crops.	castor, pearl millet sorghum, these can be inter cropped with groundnut	N. Tanya
		By this the virus spreading is reduced in groundnut	N. Tanya

WEEKLY REPORT

WEEK - 7 (From Dt..... to Dt.....)

Objective of the Activity Done:

Detailed Report: water management in groundnut crops:-

Groundnut requires 400-450 m. of water & for light soils 8-9 taps are sufficient. Before sowing the soil should be watered well & the seed should be planted when it is wet enough. Second watering should be done 20-25 days after sowing. Then, watering should be applied at intervals of 7-10 days depending on soil characteristics & clay soil percentage. The last wet should be given 15 days before harvest. From the stage of pods to the stage of ripening of nuts. The seed is given through sprinklers, 25%. Crop water saving & yield increase. In case of drip cultivation, drippers should be placed at a distance of 90x90cm & 10mm of water should be given once every 3 days until the pods are formed then 10mm of water should be given every two days.

Pattern of crops & Intercropping:- Red gram, Castor, Pearl millet, Sorghum can be intercropped with Groundnut. By this the virus spreading will be reduced. The areas affected by North-east monsoon, Kharif - groundnut can be followed by green gram (CG) & black gram. Groundnut intercropping with Paddy, the pests of Groundnuts can be reduced.

ACTIVITY LOG FOR THE EIGHTH WEEK

Day & Date	Brief description of the daily activity	Learning Outcome	Person In-Charge Signature
Day -1	Environmental analysis of groundnut field	Peanut contain friendly insects that destroy harmful insects. Farmer should monitor the crop area closely & take appropriate decision after analyzing.	N. Tanya
Day -2	Groundnut field Environmental analysis	The major are predators pests & pathogens. In predators - spider - Aphids, weevils, syrphid, etc, 4 pests.	N. Tanya
Day -3	pests in groundnut (1) Eczeme mites. (2) Aphids / black fly	Symptoms - Suck Juice of Leaves, Control - Spinosad, monocrotophos, 80ml + veenami in 200 lit water	N. Tanya
Day -4	pests - symptoms / control Measures. (1) Leaf hopper - (2) Leaf curl / folders.	Symptoms - Both mother & child caterpillar suck sap on the order side of leaves. Control - Imidacloprid 600 ml	N. Tanya
Day -5	(1) Red caterpillar (2) Tobacco caterpillar Symptoms / Control Measures.	* Symptoms: Caterpillar eat leaves - the leave shoots Control: monocrotophos 800 ml	N. Tanya
Day -6	diseases in groundnut symptoms and control Measures. (1) Tikka Leaf spot	Symptom - Dark brown circle spots on leaf - Hexa Control - 400ml Symptom - Small red colour	N. Tanya
	Disease (2) Rust / scurf (3) stem rot virus.	Buister fungus on underside of leaves - Monocrotophos - 400ml Symptom - Black spots formed on tender leaves, leaf fall - Imidacloprid - 80ml	N. Tanya

WEEKLY REPORT

WEEK - 8 (From Dt..... to Dt: Dt.....)

Objective of the Activity Done:

Detailed Report:

Environmental Analysis of Groundnut field:-

peanuts containing friendly insects that destroy harmful insects.

The major ones are predators, parasitoids, pathogens, - spiders, aphids, weevils, staphylinids, are y types predators, Trichogrammas,

Telephorus, destroy, the larval stage.. farmers should conduct regular surveillance, closely monitor, the crop area & take appropriate decisions after analysis.

pests:- ECZema mites - Symptons:- suck the juice leaves if curling
shiver of leaves & plants will become stunted

control measures:- per acre monocrotophos 320ml + neem oil 1 lit +

1 kg soap powder per 200 litres of water, The seed should be
sprayed 2 times in 10 to 15 days interval. Black fly:- As-

clusters they suck the sap

Leaf hopper:- symptoms:- Both young & mother caterpillars suck
on the underside of leaves and form as clusters on leaves

& suck sap - Imidacloprid - 600ml

leaf curl/folder:- leaf curl is expected after sowing of
15 days. Mother worm in colour. In the first stage there are
brown spots on the leaves

* control:- Monocrotophos 500ml Tobacco Caterpillar - control -
quincl phosph - 400ml

ACTIVITY LOG FOR THE NINTH WEEK

Day & Date	Brief description of the daily activity	Learning Outcome	Person In-Charge Signature
Day -1	How is digital kiosk useful? which APPS are used in kiosk	EMAID, (mapp, fishery, Animal - Husbandary, Marketing for Seeding fertilizers - lab to field videos -	N. Jaya
Day -2	KIOSK Importance	information on certified agriculture products is, available for villages, facilities of online purchase & door delivery	N. Jaya
Day -3	Agriculture Agri net portal service of kiosk	→ providing weather information → facility to know the market prices of Agriculture products,	N. Jaya
Day -4	Agriculture schemes undergoing at Peddaganga gollapeta	1) Dr. Y.S.R Raithe Bharosa 2) Dr. Y.S.R Zero interest crop loan 3) National food security machine 4) Soil Health Care Scheme	N. Jaya
Day -5	Scheme Dr. Y.S.R Raithe Bharosa ₹ 7500/- 4000/-, 2000/-	→ Govt of A.P. finally assist farmers by depositing an amount of 13,500 per annum in 3 installments in association with PM Kisan	N. Jaya
Day -6	who are eligible for Raithe Bharosa.	Cultivator belonging landless SC, ST backward & Minority community landless cultivators are also eligible for	N. Jaya
		Raithe Bharosa Scheme	N. Jaya

WEEKLY REPORT

WEEK - 9 (From Dt..... to Dt.....)

Objective of the Activity Done:

Detailed Report:

Apps, Email, (mapp) fishery, Animal husbandary etc

⇒ information on certified agriculture products available for villagers

⇒ facility of online purchase & door delivery

⇒ providing weather information

⇒ facility to know market prices of agriculture products

⇒ Agriculture Agri net portal services,

* current Agriculture Scheme undergoing at peddagonagallapeta

1) Dr. Y.S.R. Raithe Bharosa 2) Dr. Y.S.R. Zero crop plan

3) National food security mission (NFSM) 4) Soil health card scheme

1) Dr. Y.S.R. Raithe Bharosa :- It is program launched by Govt of A.P to financially assist farmers by depositing an amount of ₹ 13,500 per annum in three installments, in association with P.M Kisan with state government contributing ₹ 7500-6000

* Cultivators belong to landless se, st backward & minority communities landless cultivators are also eligible for Rythu Bharosa. No difference between small farmers & big farmers - for all cultivators Rythu Bharosa is allowed three installments

① Kharif - first installment - 7500. PM - 5,500; CM - 2000

② October second installment - 4000, PM 2000, CM - 2000

③ Harvest-time - Third installment - 2000 - P.M

ACTIVITY LOG FOR THE TENTH WEEK

Day & Date	Brief description of the daily activity	Learning Outcome	Person In-Charge Signature
Day - 1	Dr. Y.S.R zero interest crop loan scheme	→ Farmer loan is 7% state government 4% central government 3% pays the loan of farmers. so, it is called as zero interest crop loan	N. Jaya
Day - 2	Eligibility of this scheme objects & Benefits	→ Main objective of scheme is welfare of the farmers across the state → Loan are interest free / zero interest basis.	N. Jaya
Day - 3	Dr. Y.S.R zero interest crop loan scheme details.	e-crop registered farmer are eligible. → Launched by cm Jagan moham reddy → Interest subsidy will be provided to beneficiary farmers.	N. Jaya
Day - 4	National food security Mission (NFSM)	- Authorized by central Government of India - Launched in 2007 based on recommendation of Agriculture Sub-committee of NDC	N. Jaya
Day - 5	Objectives of NFSM (National food security Mission)	→ Increase yield by increasing cultivated area & productivity → Increasing the confidence of farmers - conservation of soil fertility & productivity	N. Jaya
Day - 6	NFSM Main points.	- Setting up of community demonstration farms to achieve high yield with low investment & high productivity, to organize demonstration	N. Jaya
		- ration fields on basis of sequence of crop area to region	N. Jaya

WEEKLY REPORT

WEEK - 10 (From Dt..... to Dt.....)

Objective of the Activity Done:

Detailed Report: Dr. Y.S.R Zero Interest Crop loan scheme
e-crop registered farmers are eligible for this scheme.
farmers loan is 7%. Y.S.R zero interest crop interest.
crop loans is launched the cm Y.S. Jagannathan reddy.
This scheme all the farmers who take crop loans up to
RS 1 lacs & repay the same within 1 year will be covered.
Interest subsidy will be provided to the beneficiary farmers
under this scheme.

Benefits:- It aims to free the farmers from vicious circle
of money lenders. rather government will directly provide
them interest subsidy on loans taken. loans provided
under this scheme are interest free.

National food security mission:- Authorised of Central govt
of India launched 2007. Based on recommendation of agricultural
sub committee of NDC. National development.

Council

Objectives:- (1) increase yields by increasing cultivated area & providing
(2) Increase the income of farmers. conserving of soil fertility & conducting
(3) Increase the income of farmers, increase the
model among them.

Main points: setting up of community demonstration
farm to achieve high yielding with low investment &
high productivity to organise demonstration fields on
basis of sequence of crop according to regions.

WEEKLY REPORT

WEEK - 10 (From Dt..... to Dt.....)

Objective of the Activity Done:

Detailed Report:

Dr. Y.S.R Zero Interest Crop loan scheme
e-crop registered farmers are eligible for this scheme.
farmers. loan is 7% Y.S.R zero interest crop interest.
crop loans is launched the cm Y.S. Jagannathan reddy.
This scheme all the farmers who take crop loans up to
Rs 1 lacs & repay the same within 1 year will be covered.
Interest subsidy will be provided to the beneficiary farmers
under this scheme.

Benefits:- It aims to free the farmers from vicious circle
of money lenders. rather government will directly provide
them interest subsidy on loans taken. loans provided
under this scheme are interest free.

National food security mission:- Authorised of Central govt
of India launched 2007. Based on recommendation of agriculture
sub committee of NDC. National development.

Cooperation

Objectives:- (1) increase yields by increasing cultivated area & providing
(2) Increase the income of farmers. conserving of soil fertility & conducting
(3) Increase the income of farmers, Increase the
model among them

Main points: setting up of community demonstration
farm to achieve high yielding with low investment &
high productivity to organise demonstration fields on
basis of sequence of crop according to regions

ACTIVITY LOG FOR THE ELEVENTH WEEK

Day & Date	Brief description of the daily activity	Learning Outcome	Person In-Charge Signature
Day -1	soil conservation scheme (CS) soil Health Card scheme (SHC)	for the year 2019-2020 the Govt of India selected one village per mandal village pilot project on SHC & collected soil sample from empty field	N. Jaya
Day -2	SHC (soil Health card scheme)	Analyses of soil sample in soil laboratories & provide soil analysis before planting, Rs 2500 per hectare for each demonstration field	N. Jaya
Day -3	Different steps in - soil testing	collecting of soil sample - Testing in the laboratory - fertilizer recommendation based on results	N. Jaya
Day -4	collection of soil - samples	- soil sample for soil test should be analysed in a scientific manner followed by time of the collection site and precaution should be taken soil collection	N. Jaya
Day -5	When the soil can be collected (samples)	soil sample can be taken at any time while the fields are empty - It is better to pick soil during the summer season.	N. Jaya
Day -6	When to take the - soil sample	soil sample can be should be collected before sowing & after harvesting	N. Jaya

WEEKLY REPORT

WEEK - 11 (From Dt..... to Dt.....)

Objective of the Activity Done:

Detailed Report: Soil health card scheme (so) soil conservation:

- for the Year 2019-2020, The government of India selected one village per mandal under village pilot project on this & collected soil samples from every field, Analysis of soil sample in soil laboratories & provision of soil analysis document before planting, do not provide document Rs 2500 per hectare for each demonstration field

Different stages in soil testing

- collection of soil samples
- Testing in the laboratory
- Fertilizer recommendation based on results
- collection of soil samples (when the soil can be collected)
- soil sample can be taken at any time while the fields are empty
- It is better to pick soil during the summer season
- It is better to pick, soil sample should be collected before sowing & after harvesting

collection of soil sample:-

soil sample for soil tests should be analysed in scientific manner followed by time & the collected site. A care precaution should be taken in soil collection

ACTIVITY LOG FOR THE TWELVETH WEEK

Day & Date	Brief description of the daily activity	Learning Outcome	Person In-Charge Signature
Day -1	How much depth should be soil sample taken	→ It depends on the crops we grow & nature of soil Agriculture crops - 6 inches fruit gardens 5-6 feet (one sample for one step)	N. Tanya
Day -2	Tool to collect soil sample	soil sample can be taken with the help of shovel, pickaxe available to farmers	N. Tanya
Day -3	soil sample depth How much? How to collect sample	if fields soil is of some type, it is enough to take one sample for 5 acres Dig a V-shaped hole 6-8 inches deep using shovel zig-zag method	N. Tanya
Day -4	Soil sample collection	The soil should be removed in a thin layer from top to bottom similar soil should be collected from 10-12 places. if the soil is wet, dry on paper (or) cloth in the shade	N. Tanya
Day -5	How the results of soil sample can be known	The details of farmers relate to soil sample collection should be registered in soil health card posted by concern field staff collected by mobile no.	N. Tanya
Day -6	Soil tests results CHC (Custom Hiring centre) sanctioned by	the details of farmers who have collected the soil sample & the analysis result of	N. Tanya
	Government	Soil samples are being sent to their mobile number.	N. Tanya

WEEKLY REPORT

WEEK - 12 (From Dt..... to Dt.....)

Objective of the Activity Done:

Detailed Report:

Depth soil sample Collection

- It depends on the crops we grow & nature of the soil

- for Agricultural crops - 6 inches for fruits; gardens - 5 to 6 feet

One sample per one feet)

- Soil sample can be taken with the help of shovel; pick one available to farmers, soil, type, colour, irrigation water availability depth, cultivation methods variation in crop yields.

- should be taken separately. All the equals should be different when the fields on basis. When the whole field is of some type it is enough to take one sample for 5 acres to collect soil

sample. - garbage, weed using shovel, zig-zag method, The soil should be removed in thin thin layers from top similarities

soil should be collected from 10-12 places. The details of

farmers related soil sample collection should be registered in the poster by concerned field staff (Custom

Hiring center) (CHC) - Government sanctioned input -

15 lacs farmers share - 101 - 1,50,000; Govt subsidy - 40% →

6,00,000, (crop loan Govt → 50% 7,50,000, 1) TO increase

agriculture mechanization machinery - like Dis tractor

ploughing, harrow, weeding, spraying, threshing machine

CHAPTER 5: OUTCOMES DESCRIPTION

Describe the work environment you have experienced (in terms of people interactions, facilities available and maintenance, clarity of job roles, protocols, procedures, processes, discipline, time management, harmonious relationships, socialization, mutual support and teamwork, motivation, space and ventilation, etc.)

Good Environment is very important for learning & doing any work in organisation. Good environment is always boosting up your interest. The RBK-office is more comfortable and improving my interest of going work. The overall Environment is good. It feels good to interact with the farmers. It feels there is a good interaction with my classmate and the faculty members in the organization. Minimum facilities are available like fan, light tables, chair, computer, green board, kiosk etc. As a student the protocols are wearing a college uniform & ID must and should be in the internship hours, we have participated in the Polombadi Programme organised by the Agriculture department of A.P.

As a science student, knowledge of farming is much more important necessary for my better future.

My supervisor had motivated me to do the work & always encouraged me to complete the task. Ventilation is good for the organisation. When

every time the teacher has assigned the group work,
we will complete it as a team work with a
collaboration of everyone's ideas which is helpful
for enhancing my leadership qualities

I Acquired and I learnt very much knowledge
during this internship period.

Describe the real time technical skills you have acquired (in terms of the job-related skills and hands on experience)

During an internship, I had acquired both hard skills and soft skills are required to stand out from others in the industry; be it an interview or in the workplace. Agriculture sector demands skillful employee. I gained key skills that are necessary to move forward. Technology based skills, versatility, time management & organisation skills. Managing data, adaptability are the basic skill which I attained, this mainly includes acquiring tech based skills on things such as Irrigation, use of pesticides, improving methods & techniques of cultivation, harvest & transport.

- * $\Rightarrow$ How to put my abilities (or) knowledge used to perform practical tasks in the area of science
- * $\Rightarrow$ How important smart agriculture technology is used for cultivation
- * $\Rightarrow$ How to use the technology in agriculture with the aim of improving high yield, efficiency & profitability
- * $\Rightarrow$ understanding workplace culture
- * $\Rightarrow$ Benefits of modern technology in terms of agriculture

* ⇒ Time management is important that how to divide your time between different activities by prioritizing tasks

* ⇒ how to stay update to have knowledge from field operation to production technologies & machinery

Describe the managerial skills you have acquired (in terms of planning, leadership, team work, behaviour, workmanship, productive use of time, weekly improvement in competencies, goal setting, decision making, performance analysis, etc.

Managerial skills I have acquired in terms of planning is more, one of most important skills for managers. It is all about defining goals of organisation. It includes vision, plan for future leadership skills are focused on power & ability to lead other people, Time management is one of the main important role in everyone's life in this organisation, the time was well-utilized, so, I attained how to utilize the time i.e Time management, Team work - total team depends on this. An organization development depends on team work. In this organisation, the people are very supportive to each other, Behaviour means the way you communicate, being patience, balancing & Time management. I had attained to being patient & communicate I have acquired a time management skill how to plan & how to divide time between various tasks. Improvement in competencies is to attain motivating others, written, communication honesty, vision, creativity, & delegation I learned a good decision making skills like creativity skills. This skill takes into multiple ideas & perspectives. Understanding the govt state choose the best course

of action. Identifying & solving problems, aptitude to comprehend option. Need to carry out a lot of research, data, collection, Giving, feedback, developing & by Recognizing are the skills to get performance analysis, planning is an integral stage of your performance management cycle of performance analysis.

Describe how you could improve your communication skills (in terms of improvement in oral communication, written communication, conversational abilities, confidence levels while communicating, anxiety management, understanding others, getting understood by others, extempore speech, ability to articulate the key points, closing the conversation, maintaining niceties and protocols, greeting, thanking and appreciating others, etc.,)

* There are many ways to improve your communication skills :-

(*) Good communication leads to good understanding

(*) Be clear and attentive. Be concise

(*) Build your emotional intelligence

(*) Be an active listener. It helps in improving communication skills

(*) Record yourself when you are communicating with others & practice

(*) Hold effective meetings, attend workshops, online classes

(*) Bold language plays a role in communication skills

(*) Try not to make assumptions

(*) Practice self-awareness especially during tough conversation

(*) Don't be accusatory when rising on issues

- [*] Get ride of those "ums" & "ahs"
- [*] making eye contact while someone talking
- [*] avoid distracting movement keep good posture
- [*] create a positive organisation structure
- [*] In written communication keep it short & sweet
& keep words sentences simple
- [*] Use active voice, be with clarity, speak directly
- [*] Never respond to messages when you are upset
- [*] Speak about your thoughts & ideas
- [*] Assertive & active voice should be maintained

Describe how could you could enhance your abilities in group discussions, participation in teams, contribution as a team member, leading a team/activity.

The organization structure was so, effective. My staff members and my friends helped me to cope well with all challenges at work, group discussions are well. It involves sharing ideas people are connected with one basic idea. by group discussion I gained the following skills such as leadership skills, communication skills social skills & behaviour, politeness teamwork, confidence and listening ability I enjoyed working in a discussion with group. By listening well to the idea of the other speakers I learned something. Speaking, confidently by using an appropriate tone is effective to participate in team group discussion, I acquired good communication skill by participation in team active listening is the attention which I gained and build trust with employee & other members as a team member I respected others and I helpful to other team mates by sharing enthusiasm. As a team member I learnt to be positive mind set. It leads to have knowledge of your role. It also develops a listening skills as a active listeners, we respect others & listen to need of my team mates by leading

a team | activity I learned leadership qualities
Speaking clearly and confidently i.e strong commun-
-cator, being discipline. Think critically, Honesty,
motivation, setting goals etc. I learned so many
qualities. I will utilize these skills in very
effective manner. These may be very helpful
in real life which I had gained. during this
internship period

Describe the technological developments you have observed and relevant to the subject area of training (focus on digital technologies relevant to your job role)

The twenty first century has seen a technological revolution. The old technology is complete & other new one's has replaced in the section of agriculture, the digital technology plays a key role to enhance the knowledge of farmers. Digitalization makes the farming as a easy.

A management of digital kiosk is also part of technological development we have seen in RBKs will have digital kiosks through which the farmers can place the orders & products like fertilizers, seeds etc. will be delivered at the doorstep. Through the technological development it will help farmers to market the agricultural produce better, in early days to ~~man~~ know the moisture in food grain. hot air oven is used. It takes more than two hours to calculate the moisture content of food grain. Now we are using moisture testing machine & can know the moisture of grain within a minutes. As the technological development occurs they are giving a massive knowledge to the farmers. The farmers can also know the Schemes. & AP government through the accounts in twitter, instagram & RBK channel commissioner of agriculture, The department of agriculture has been created mainly to provide agricultural extension services to farmers & to transfer the latest technical knowledge by the global investors.

Student Self Evaluation of the Short-Term Internship

Student Name: Kunchala. Lakeswararao

Registration No: 2022001056018

Term of Internship:

From: 07/12/2022

To: 18.03.2023.

Date of Evaluation:

Organization Name & Address: Raitlu Bhanasa Khondram, Pedda Ganu
Gallapeta Coll) Srikakulam

Please rate your performance in the following areas:

Rating Scale: Letter grade of CGPA calculation to be provided

1	Oral communication	1	2	3	4	5
2	Written communication	1	2	3	4	5
3	Proactiveness	1	2	3	4	5
4	Interaction ability with community	1	2	3	4	5
5	Positive Attitude	1	2	3	4	5
6	Self-confidence	1	2	3	4	5
7	Ability to learn	1	2	3	4	5
8	Work Plan and organization	1	2	3	4	5
9	Professionalism	1	2	3	4	5
10	Creativity	1	2	3	4	5
11	Quality of work done	1	2	3	4	5
12	Time Management	1	2	3	4	5
13	Understanding the Community	1	2	3	4	5
14	Achievement of Desired Outcomes	1	2	3	4	5
15	OVERALL PERFORMANCE	1	2	3	4	5

Date:

K. Lakeswararao
Signature of the Student

Evaluation by the Supervisor of the Intern Organization

Student Name: K. LokeswarARAO

Registration No: 900000105608

Term of Internship: From: 07/12/2022 To: 18-03-2023

Date of Evaluation:

Organization Name & Address: Raithu Bharosa Kendra (Peddaganagallapeta (SKLM)

Name & Address of the Supervisor smt. M. USHA KOMARI (MAO) SRIKAKULAM
with Mobile Number 8331056228.

Please rate the student's performance in the following areas:

Please note that your evaluation shall be done independent of the Student's self-evaluation

Rating Scale: 1 is lowest and 5 is highest rank

1	Oral communication	1	2	3	4	5
2	Written communication	1	2	3	4	5
3	Proactiveness	1	2	3	4	5
4	Interaction ability with community	1	2	3	4	5
5	Positive Attitude	1	2	3	4	5
6	Self-confidence	1	2	3	4	5
7	Ability to learn	1	2	3	4	5
8	Work Plan and organization	1	2	3	4	5
9	Professionalism	1	2	3	4	5
10	Creativity	1	2	3	4	5
11	Quality of work done	1	2	3	4	5
12	Time Management	1	2	3	4	5
13	Understanding the Community	1	2	3	4	5
14	Achievement of Desired Outcomes	1	2	3	4	5
15	OVERALL PERFORMANCE	1	2	3	4	5

Date:

[Signature]
village Agriculture Assistant
P.G. PETA KBK
Srikakulam Mandal
Signature of the Supervisor

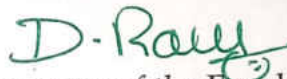
Mandal Agriculture Officer
SRIKAKULAM

INTERNAL ASSESSMENT STATEMENT

Name Of the Student: Kunchale. Lokeshwararao
Programme of Study: B.Sc IIIrd CBMB (4 months Internship)
Year of Study: 2020-2021
Group: CBMB
Register No/H.T. No: 2022001056018
Name of the College: Government Degree College (Men) Sriakulam
University: Dr. B.R. Ambedkar University Sriakulam (Echeralu)

SLNo	Evaluation Criterion	Maximum Marks	Marks Awarded
1.	Activity Log	10	10
2.	Internship Evaluation	30	30
3.	Oral Presentation	10	09
	GRAND TOTAL	50	49

Date: 18/07/2023


Signature of the Faculty Guide
Lecturer in B.Sc.
Govt. Degree College
SRIKAKULAM.

EXTERNAL ASSESSMENT STATEMENT

Name Of the Student: Kunchala Lakshminarayana

Programme of Study: B.Sc CBMB

Year of Study: 2020-2023

Group: CBMB

Register No/H.T. No: 202000105608

Name of the College: Government Degree College (Men) Srikakulam

University: Dr. B.R. Ambedkar University Srikakulam, Chittoor.

SLNo	Evaluation Criterion	Maximum Marks	Marks Awarded
1.	Internship Evaluation	80	80
2.	For the grading giving by the Supervisor of the Intern Organization	20	20
3.	Viva-Voce	50	47
	TOTAL	150	147
GRAND TOTAL (EXT. 50 M + INT. 100M)		200	196

Signature of the Faculty Guide

D. Ravi

Mandal Agriculture Officer
SRIKAKULAM

Signature of the Internal Expert

17/07/2023

Signature of the External Expert

19/7/23

Signature of the Principal with Seal

B. S. S.

PRINCIPAL

Government Degree College (Men)
SRIKAKULAM